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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE CONFIRMATION NO. 10/772,374 02/06/2004 28195-503 CON 6783 Benjamin Gaston **EXAMINER** 35437 04/12/2005 MINTZ LEVIN COHN FERRIS GLOVSKY & POPEO HENLEY III, RAYMOND J 666 THIRD AVENUE PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT NEW YORK, NY 10017 1614

DATE MAILED: 04/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/772,374	GASTON ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Raymond J. Henley III	1614	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a re y within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT s. cause the application to become AB	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. "HS from the mailing date of this commun NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 J	anuary 2005.		
·— · — —	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the mer	its is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1 and 9 is/are pending in the applicat	ion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		y the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. &	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	phony under se steel y	(-) (-) (-) .	
1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority document		nolication No	
			e
 Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Burea 		Joseph Manager Control of the Contro	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		eceived.	
See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the definite depice not i		
Attachment(s)	A) [] Intended S	ımmary (PTO-413)	
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Motice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		/Mail Date	
3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	· —	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:		

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CLAIMS 1 AND 9 ARE PRESENTED FOR EXAMINATION

Applicant's Amendment and Response and Terminal Disclaimer filed January 10, 2005 has been received and entered into the application. Accordingly, the specification at page 1 has been amended.

In view of the above amendment and the acceptable nature of the Terminal Disclaimer, the objection to the specification and claim rejections under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting, as set forth in the previous Office action dated October 8, 2004 at pages 2-4, are withdrawn.

Claim Rejection - 35 USC § 112, First Paragraph

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for a method of treating cystic fibrosis wherein an amount of ethyl nitrite is administered to *lessen* accumulation of mucus, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth, does not reasonably provide enablement for a method of treating cystic fibrosis wherein an amount of ethyl nitrite is administered to *prevent* accumulation of mucus, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to practice the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

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The terms "prevent" and "prevention" are here, unlike in the previous Office action, interpreted to mean that the accumulation of mucus, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth are kept from occurring to *any* degree. While it is noted that "prevent" and "prevention" do not necessarily equate to such an interpretation, the Examiner's interpretation is broad and reasonable and thus consistent the MPEP § 2111.

Burden on the Examiner for Making a Rejection Under 35 U.S.C. § 112 First Paragraph

As set forth in In re Marzocchi, 169 USPQ 367, 370 (CCPA 1971):

"[A] [s]pecification disclosure which contains teaching of manner and process of making and using the invention in terms corresponding to the scope to those used in describing and defining subject matter sought to be patented must be taken as in compliance with enabling requirement of first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 unless there is reason to doubt the objective truth of statements contain therein which must be relied on for enabling support; assuming that sufficient reason for such doubt exists, a rejection for failure to teach how to make and/or use will be proper on that basis, such a rejection can be overcome by suitable proofs indicating that teaching contained in specification is truly enabling." (emphasis added).

Here, the objective truth of the statement that accumulation of mucus, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth could be kept from ever occurring is doubted because the terms or "prevent" and "prevention" are synonymous with the term "curing" and both circumscribe methods of absolute success. Because absolute success is not reasonably possible with most diseases/disorders, especially those having an etiology and pathophysiological manifestations as complex/poorly understood as a degenerative disease/disorder, including such pathological events as mucus accumulation, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth, the specification, which lacks an objective showing that mucus can be kept from ever accumulating, the airways may be kept from ever constricting and the growth of bacterial can be kept from ever

occurring, is viewed as lacking an enabling disclosure of the same.

Concerning the state of the art of the treatment of cystic fibrosis, the disease appears to be characterized by recurrent episodes of respiratory tract infections which involves mucus accumulation, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth (see Cecil, Textbook of Medicine, newly cited by the Examiner, page 402, col. 2, under the heading "Clinical Manifestations" to page 403, col. 1, line 5 and page 404, col. 1 under the heading "Course of the Disease"). While treatment means are known for cystic fibrosis (see page 404, col. 1, under the heading "Treatment" to page 406, col. 1, just above the heading "Prognosis"), such treatments are for the amelioration, i.e., improvement, of the symptomology, no treatment is mention that is capable of actually preventing the symptoms of cystic fibrosis.

Summary

As the cited art and discussion above establish, practicing the claimed method in the manner disclosed by Applicants would not imbue the skilled artisan with a reasonable expectation that the prevention of the claimed aspects of cystic fibrosis could be achieved. In order to actually achieve such prevention, it is clear from the discussion above that the skilled artisan could not rely on Applicant's disclosure as required by 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph. Given that the art fails to recognize, and Applicants have failed to demonstrate, that accumulation of mucus, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth could be kept from ever occurring, i.e. to any degree, the skilled artisan would be faced with the impermissible burden of undue experimentation in order to practice this embodiment of the claimed invention.

Accordingly, claim 9 is deemed properly rejected.

Overcoming the Above Rejection

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The Examiner recommends that Applicant amend the following section of claim 9, i.e., lines 3-5, in the following manner in order to overcome the present rejection:

---...amount effective to prevent lessen accumulation of mucus, bronchoconstriction and bacterial growth in the CF airway, as preventive therapy, or an amount to ameliorate bronchoconstriction, mucus plugging and/or bacterial bronchitis/bronchiolitis, as acute therapy...---

Support for the term "lessen" is found in the term "ameliorate" as employed in claim 9. While "lessen" is not expressly stated, it is nevertheless believed that the concept of lessening would have been present in the specification as originally filed because the term "ameliorate" normally means "to make better or improve" and "lessening" is a concept that is consistent therewith.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 1 is no longer subject to rejection under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting and thus is in condition for allowance.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raymond J. Henley III whose telephone number is 571-272-0575. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 am to 4:00 pm Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Low can be reached on 571-272-0951. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Raymond J Henley II Primary Examiner Art Unit 1614

April 7, 2005